

# The American Legion

News: Local, State, National

## Veterans of Foreign Wars Join Legion Opposing \$1 Collection for Federal Bonus Drive

## Ultimatum to Cut Out Red Tape Sent to War Risk, Health and Vocational Training Boards

Apparently the National Bonus Drive Committee, which from its headquarters in the Hotel Majestic, this city, has been soliciting contributions of \$1 each from war veterans to raise a fund for the financing of a campaign for the Federal bonus, must proceed without the indorsement either of the American Legion or the Veterans of Foreign Wars.

Several days ago Commander Charles G. Blakeslee, head of the Legion in New York State, issued a statement protesting against such contributions on the ground that they are not necessary and that the Legion's national treasury is prepared to defray any expenses in connection with the campaign for the four-fold compensation plan now before the United States Senate.

Yesterday Commander in Chief G. Woodside, of the Veterans of Foreign Wars, published a statement in which he said, among other things: "As an organization we have always worked consistently for adjusted compensation for the service men and we have not, neither do we intend to solicit funds for this purpose."

"The National Bonus Drive Committee was not organized by the Veterans of Foreign Wars," he said, "and as I understand it is an outgrowth of the New York Bonus Parade Committee, composed of members of both the Veterans of Foreign Wars and the American Legion."

Move for Disbanded Legionnaires Have delivered their ultimatum to officials of the War Risk Insurance Bureau, the Public Health Service and the Federal Board of Vocational Education on the question of future care of wounded and disabled veterans. They have been notified that the fighting men represented by the purpose to urge legislation designed to cut red tape in the bureau and to compel the government to function.

At a meeting in Washington on Saturday with the heads of the bureau, the Legion committee made their position clear. John Sherbourne, of Boston, was spokesman for the Legion and he proposed the consolidation of the bureaus as a solution of the problem. In this he was opposed by R. G. Chalmers-Jones, of the War Risk Insurance Bureau; Ueli Lamberti, of the Vocational Education Board; and H. C. W. Lavender, of the Public Health Service. They did, however, approve his suggestion that an assistant secretary in one of the executive departments of the government be created for the purpose of overseeing the work of the three bureaus. Mr. Sherbourne told the bureau chiefs: "We don't want to be rough and we don't want to be harsh."

Legionnaires have delivered their ultimatum to officials of the War Risk Insurance Bureau, the Public Health Service and the Federal Board of Vocational Education on the question of future care of wounded and disabled veterans. They have been notified that the fighting men represented by the purpose to urge legislation designed to cut red tape in the bureau and to compel the government to function.

At a meeting in Washington on Saturday with the heads of the bureau, the Legion committee made their position clear. John Sherbourne, of Boston, was spokesman for the Legion and he proposed the consolidation of the bureaus as a solution of the problem. In this he was opposed by R. G. Chalmers-Jones, of the War Risk Insurance Bureau; Ueli Lamberti, of the Vocational Education Board; and H. C. W. Lavender, of the Public Health Service. They did, however, approve his suggestion that an assistant secretary in one of the executive departments of the government be created for the purpose of overseeing the work of the three bureaus. Mr. Sherbourne told the bureau chiefs: "We don't want to be rough and we don't want to be harsh."

Legionnaires have delivered their ultimatum to officials of the War Risk Insurance Bureau, the Public Health Service and the Federal Board of Vocational Education on the question of future care of wounded and disabled veterans. They have been notified that the fighting men represented by the purpose to urge legislation designed to cut red tape in the bureau and to compel the government to function.

At a meeting in Washington on Saturday with the heads of the bureau, the Legion committee made their position clear. John Sherbourne, of Boston, was spokesman for the Legion and he proposed the consolidation of the bureaus as a solution of the problem. In this he was opposed by R. G. Chalmers-Jones, of the War Risk Insurance Bureau; Ueli Lamberti, of the Vocational Education Board; and H. C. W. Lavender, of the Public Health Service. They did, however, approve his suggestion that an assistant secretary in one of the executive departments of the government be created for the purpose of overseeing the work of the three bureaus. Mr. Sherbourne told the bureau chiefs: "We don't want to be rough and we don't want to be harsh."

Legionnaires have delivered their ultimatum to officials of the War Risk Insurance Bureau, the Public Health Service and the Federal Board of Vocational Education on the question of future care of wounded and disabled veterans. They have been notified that the fighting men represented by the purpose to urge legislation designed to cut red tape in the bureau and to compel the government to function.

At a meeting in Washington on Saturday with the heads of the bureau, the Legion committee made their position clear. John Sherbourne, of Boston, was spokesman for the Legion and he proposed the consolidation of the bureaus as a solution of the problem. In this he was opposed by R. G. Chalmers-Jones, of the War Risk Insurance Bureau; Ueli Lamberti, of the Vocational Education Board; and H. C. W. Lavender, of the Public Health Service. They did, however, approve his suggestion that an assistant secretary in one of the executive departments of the government be created for the purpose of overseeing the work of the three bureaus. Mr. Sherbourne told the bureau chiefs: "We don't want to be rough and we don't want to be harsh."

Legionnaires have delivered their ultimatum to officials of the War Risk Insurance Bureau, the Public Health Service and the Federal Board of Vocational Education on the question of future care of wounded and disabled veterans. They have been notified that the fighting men represented by the purpose to urge legislation designed to cut red tape in the bureau and to compel the government to function.

At a meeting in Washington on Saturday with the heads of the bureau, the Legion committee made their position clear. John Sherbourne, of Boston, was spokesman for the Legion and he proposed the consolidation of the bureaus as a solution of the problem. In this he was opposed by R. G. Chalmers-Jones, of the War Risk Insurance Bureau; Ueli Lamberti, of the Vocational Education Board; and H. C. W. Lavender, of the Public Health Service. They did, however, approve his suggestion that an assistant secretary in one of the executive departments of the government be created for the purpose of overseeing the work of the three bureaus. Mr. Sherbourne told the bureau chiefs: "We don't want to be rough and we don't want to be harsh."

Legionnaires have delivered their ultimatum to officials of the War Risk Insurance Bureau, the Public Health Service and the Federal Board of Vocational Education on the question of future care of wounded and disabled veterans. They have been notified that the fighting men represented by the purpose to urge legislation designed to cut red tape in the bureau and to compel the government to function.

At a meeting in Washington on Saturday with the heads of the bureau, the Legion committee made their position clear. John Sherbourne, of Boston, was spokesman for the Legion and he proposed the consolidation of the bureaus as a solution of the problem. In this he was opposed by R. G. Chalmers-Jones, of the War Risk Insurance Bureau; Ueli Lamberti, of the Vocational Education Board; and H. C. W. Lavender, of the Public Health Service. They did, however, approve his suggestion that an assistant secretary in one of the executive departments of the government be created for the purpose of overseeing the work of the three bureaus. Mr. Sherbourne told the bureau chiefs: "We don't want to be rough and we don't want to be harsh."

Legionnaires have delivered their ultimatum to officials of the War Risk Insurance Bureau, the Public Health Service and the Federal Board of Vocational Education on the question of future care of wounded and disabled veterans. They have been notified that the fighting men represented by the purpose to urge legislation designed to cut red tape in the bureau and to compel the government to function.

At a meeting in Washington on Saturday with the heads of the bureau, the Legion committee made their position clear. John Sherbourne, of Boston, was spokesman for the Legion and he proposed the consolidation of the bureaus as a solution of the problem. In this he was opposed by R. G. Chalmers-Jones, of the War Risk Insurance Bureau; Ueli Lamberti, of the Vocational Education Board; and H. C. W. Lavender, of the Public Health Service. They did, however, approve his suggestion that an assistant secretary in one of the executive departments of the government be created for the purpose of overseeing the work of the three bureaus. Mr. Sherbourne told the bureau chiefs: "We don't want to be rough and we don't want to be harsh."

Legionnaires have delivered their ultimatum to officials of the War Risk Insurance Bureau, the Public Health Service and the Federal Board of Vocational Education on the question of future care of wounded and disabled veterans. They have been notified that the fighting men represented by the purpose to urge legislation designed to cut red tape in the bureau and to compel the government to function.

At a meeting in Washington on Saturday with the heads of the bureau, the Legion committee made their position clear. John Sherbourne, of Boston, was spokesman for the Legion and he proposed the consolidation of the bureaus as a solution of the problem. In this he was opposed by R. G. Chalmers-Jones, of the War Risk Insurance Bureau; Ueli Lamberti, of the Vocational Education Board; and H. C. W. Lavender, of the Public Health Service. They did, however, approve his suggestion that an assistant secretary in one of the executive departments of the government be created for the purpose of overseeing the work of the three bureaus. Mr. Sherbourne told the bureau chiefs: "We don't want to be rough and we don't want to be harsh."

Legionnaires have delivered their ultimatum to officials of the War Risk Insurance Bureau, the Public Health Service and the Federal Board of Vocational Education on the question of future care of wounded and disabled veterans. They have been notified that the fighting men represented by the purpose to urge legislation designed to cut red tape in the bureau and to compel the government to function.

At a meeting in Washington on Saturday with the heads of the bureau, the Legion committee made their position clear. John Sherbourne, of Boston, was spokesman for the Legion and he proposed the consolidation of the bureaus as a solution of the problem. In this he was opposed by R. G. Chalmers-Jones, of the War Risk Insurance Bureau; Ueli Lamberti, of the Vocational Education Board; and H. C. W. Lavender, of the Public Health Service. They did, however, approve his suggestion that an assistant secretary in one of the executive departments of the government be created for the purpose of overseeing the work of the three bureaus. Mr. Sherbourne told the bureau chiefs: "We don't want to be rough and we don't want to be harsh."

Legionnaires have delivered their ultimatum to officials of the War Risk Insurance Bureau, the Public Health Service and the Federal Board of Vocational Education on the question of future care of wounded and disabled veterans. They have been notified that the fighting men represented by the purpose to urge legislation designed to cut red tape in the bureau and to compel the government to function.

At a meeting in Washington on Saturday with the heads of the bureau, the Legion committee made their position clear. John Sherbourne, of Boston, was spokesman for the Legion and he proposed the consolidation of the bureaus as a solution of the problem. In this he was opposed by R. G. Chalmers-Jones, of the War Risk Insurance Bureau; Ueli Lamberti, of the Vocational Education Board; and H. C. W. Lavender, of the Public Health Service. They did, however, approve his suggestion that an assistant secretary in one of the executive departments of the government be created for the purpose of overseeing the work of the three bureaus. Mr. Sherbourne told the bureau chiefs: "We don't want to be rough and we don't want to be harsh."

Legionnaires have delivered their ultimatum to officials of the War Risk Insurance Bureau, the Public Health Service and the Federal Board of Vocational Education on the question of future care of wounded and disabled veterans. They have been notified that the fighting men represented by the purpose to urge legislation designed to cut red tape in the bureau and to compel the government to function.

At a meeting in Washington on Saturday with the heads of the bureau, the Legion committee made their position clear. John Sherbourne, of Boston, was spokesman for the Legion and he proposed the consolidation of the bureaus as a solution of the problem. In this he was opposed by R. G. Chalmers-Jones, of the War Risk Insurance Bureau; Ueli Lamberti, of the Vocational Education Board; and H. C. W. Lavender, of the Public Health Service. They did, however, approve his suggestion that an assistant secretary in one of the executive departments of the government be created for the purpose of overseeing the work of the three bureaus. Mr. Sherbourne told the bureau chiefs: "We don't want to be rough and we don't want to be harsh."

Legionnaires have delivered their ultimatum to officials of the War Risk Insurance Bureau, the Public Health Service and the Federal Board of Vocational Education on the question of future care of wounded and disabled veterans. They have been notified that the fighting men represented by the purpose to urge legislation designed to cut red tape in the bureau and to compel the government to function.

At a meeting in Washington on Saturday with the heads of the bureau, the Legion committee made their position clear. John Sherbourne, of Boston, was spokesman for the Legion and he proposed the consolidation of the bureaus as a solution of the problem. In this he was opposed by R. G. Chalmers-Jones, of the War Risk Insurance Bureau; Ueli Lamberti, of the Vocational Education Board; and H. C. W. Lavender, of the Public Health Service. They did, however, approve his suggestion that an assistant secretary in one of the executive departments of the government be created for the purpose of overseeing the work of the three bureaus. Mr. Sherbourne told the bureau chiefs: "We don't want to be rough and we don't want to be harsh."

Legionnaires have delivered their ultimatum to officials of the War Risk Insurance Bureau, the Public Health Service and the Federal Board of Vocational Education on the question of future care of wounded and disabled veterans. They have been notified that the fighting men represented by the purpose to urge legislation designed to cut red tape in the bureau and to compel the government to function.

At a meeting in Washington on Saturday with the heads of the bureau, the Legion committee made their position clear. John Sherbourne, of Boston, was spokesman for the Legion and he proposed the consolidation of the bureaus as a solution of the problem. In this he was opposed by R. G. Chalmers-Jones, of the War Risk Insurance Bureau; Ueli Lamberti, of the Vocational Education Board; and H. C. W. Lavender, of the Public Health Service. They did, however, approve his suggestion that an assistant secretary in one of the executive departments of the government be created for the purpose of overseeing the work of the three bureaus. Mr. Sherbourne told the bureau chiefs: "We don't want to be rough and we don't want to be harsh."

Legionnaires have delivered their ultimatum to officials of the War Risk Insurance Bureau, the Public Health Service and the Federal Board of Vocational Education on the question of future care of wounded and disabled veterans. They have been notified that the fighting men represented by the purpose to urge legislation designed to cut red tape in the bureau and to compel the government to function.

At a meeting in Washington on Saturday with the heads of the bureau, the Legion committee made their position clear. John Sherbourne, of Boston, was spokesman for the Legion and he proposed the consolidation of the bureaus as a solution of the problem. In this he was opposed by R. G. Chalmers-Jones, of the War Risk Insurance Bureau; Ueli Lamberti, of the Vocational Education Board; and H. C. W. Lavender, of the Public Health Service. They did, however, approve his suggestion that an assistant secretary in one of the executive departments of the government be created for the purpose of overseeing the work of the three bureaus. Mr. Sherbourne told the bureau chiefs: "We don't want to be rough and we don't want to be harsh."

Legionnaires have delivered their ultimatum to officials of the War Risk Insurance Bureau, the Public Health Service and the Federal Board of Vocational Education on the question of future care of wounded and disabled veterans. They have been notified that the fighting men represented by the purpose to urge legislation designed to cut red tape in the bureau and to compel the government to function.

At a meeting in Washington on Saturday with the heads of the bureau, the Legion committee made their position clear. John Sherbourne, of Boston, was spokesman for the Legion and he proposed the consolidation of the bureaus as a solution of the problem. In this he was opposed by R. G. Chalmers-Jones, of the War Risk Insurance Bureau; Ueli Lamberti, of the Vocational Education Board; and H. C. W. Lavender, of the Public Health Service. They did, however, approve his suggestion that an assistant secretary in one of the executive departments of the government be created for the purpose of overseeing the work of the three bureaus. Mr. Sherbourne told the bureau chiefs: "We don't want to be rough and we don't want to be harsh."

## Mexican Rebels Seize Government of Tabasco Supporters of Deposed General Disarm Police and Appoint Own Governor

## Council Meets To-day Common Memorial Day Is One of the Planks in the Plan of Organization

## Paris, Nov. 28 (By The Associated Press).—An international council binding together the war veterans' associations of the Allied countries was organized here to-day by delegations representing the United States, France, Great Britain, Italy, Belgium, Greece, Yugoslavia and Czechoslovakia, and was joined later by Portugal, Poland and Rumania.

## Postal Co. Raises Rates 20 P. C. and Wages 10 P. C. Increases, Announced as Necessary to Meet Higher Costs, Effective December 1

## Legion Must Pay War Tax A war tax must be paid on all entertainments given by posts of the American Legion where admission is charged, even if the money is to be used for the benefit of disabled men, the erection of war memorials or other fraternal purposes, according to a dispatch from Washington.

## Greenwich Village Post Has a Well-fare Committee that is alive to the needs of its members. The most recent act of that committee is to issue postal educational cards to its members to retain their jobs as long as they can. Henry R. Hayes is chairman of the committee and is ready to assist any ex-serviceman in need of employment. His address is 1135 Madison Avenue.

## Latest reports from the state departments of the American Legion show a total of 9,469 posts. Eighteen new posts were established during the week ending November 12. Illinois and Texas led, each state having added four posts. Seventeen new units of the Women's Auxiliary raised the total to 1,489. Kansas was first with five units.

## Charles A. Learned Post, No. 1, of the American Legion in Detroit has among its 6,000 members 363 Legionnaires who live in 202 different towns in thirty-six states; twenty-five members in Canada and one member in each of the following foreign cities: Constantinople, Manila and Bucharest.

## POST ACTIVITIES Greenwich Village Post held a memorial service yesterday at St. Joseph's Church, Sixth Avenue and Washington Place, in which the services were given by Kalkbrenner and Chelsea posts. The next meeting of the post will be December 7, at Public School 41.

## Henry S. Miller has resigned as commander of Washington Heights Post, and is succeeded by Thomas J. Mulaney, Jr.

## A women's auxiliary has been formed by George Washington Post, No. 68, of the Bronx. More than thirty members were enrolled at the first meeting and the following officers were chosen: President, Mrs. William Kinnard; secretary, Miss Lillian Braunstein; treasurer, Mrs. Philip K. Levy. Meetings will be held every week.

## Arthur Viena Post will meet next Monday night at Borough Hall, the Bronx. Eugene R. Logie is chairman of the new entertainment committee.

## The following officers have been elected by Arthur Viena Post, a new Legion unit in the Bronx: Commander, William E. Tait; first vice-commander, Justus Fischer; adjutant, Arthur Evans; treasurer, Harry Fitzmaier. The next meeting will be held to-morrow night at 333 Alexander Avenue.

## Walter Heckman Post, 33, the Bronx, will meet next Monday at the Valley Club, 177th Street and Bathgate Avenue, when the question of acquiring a clubhouse will be discussed. Commander Reidy urges all members to attend.

## C. C. N. Y. Post will meet Thursday night in the Webb Room of the college, 159th Street and Amsterdam Avenue.

## Cruiser and Transport Post, 341, will meet at the Hotel Pennsylvania Thursday night. President La Guardia of the Board of Aldermen will speak.

## The next meeting of S. Rankin Drew Post will be on December 7 at Keen's Chop House, 107 West Forty-fourth Street. County officials of the Legion will be guests of the post.

## The world's largest Y. M. C. A. building—the Central of Brooklyn—has shattered precedent by permitting Central Post to place tickets for its dance on sale at the desk in the lobby.

## Broom Carries Electric Light An inventor in Maryland has perfected a small electric light to be attached to a broom to light up dark corners when his wife sweeps the floors.

## Veterans Form International Union in Paris U. S., France, England, Italy, Belgium, Greece and the Jugo and Czech Slovaks Are Given Representation

## Woman's Party Suffrage Fight Cost \$664,208 Alice Paul, Chairman, Itemizes Expenditures During Seven Years' Campaign

## From The Tribune, Washington Bureau. WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—The National Woman's party expended \$664,208 during its seven years' fight for adoption of the suffrage amendment, according to an itemized statement made to-day by Alice Paul, chairman of the organization. The sum does not include the cost of defending the party in the ratification in the courts. A special fund of \$20,000 for that purpose is now being raised.

## The cost of the Woman's party convention in Chicago on June 5, 6 and 7, 1910, totaled \$2,000. The expense of picketing the Republican convention in Chicago, the legislative work of the Democratic convention in San Francisco, and the campaign for the Presidential candidates, cost \$57,500.68.

## The national conventions of the Congressional Union and of the Woman's party in Washington involved an expenditure of \$2,504.45. "The prison special," which toured the country in 1919 when the amendment was blocked by the lack of one vote, cost \$19,990.42. The sum of \$87,137 was spent in connection with three national elections in which the Woman's party campaigned to make suffrage a political issue of first importance. In the Congressional election of 1914, \$8,485.99 was spent in nine states. During the Presidential campaign in 1916 the Woman's party campaigned in twelve states, spending \$58,728.20. The Congressional election of 1918 cost \$6,180.06.

## The famous "card index" and the maintenance of the legislative department of the party cost \$12,439.37. Expenses of the organization department amounted to \$96,202.37. Pageants, plays and processions cost \$21,587.63.

## Members of Congress To Be Heard on Japan Colby Assures They Will Be Consulted Before Treaty Terms Are Definitely Fixed

## PHOENIX, Ariz., Nov. 28.—Negotiations between Japan and the United States will be discussed informally with members of the Senate and House committees before any action is taken, according to a telegram to Governor Thomas E. Campbell from Secretary of State Colby. The telegram was in reply to one from Governor Campbell in which he requested execution of a new treaty with Japan. Secretary Colby's message follows:

## "Replying to your telegram based upon press dispatches relative to negotiations with Japan, it is of course apparent to you that the subject is one that does not admit of free and open discussion by telegram.

## "The views reflected in your telegram are well understood and I can assure you that they are receiving the most studious and open-minded consideration. It is our intention to avail ourselves of the aid of the informal discussion with members of the Senate and House committees who are charged with responsibilities in this connection.

## "The negotiations, which are informal and tentative, have not, however, as yet reached the point of discussion of formal consideration."

## Greece Ratifies Labor Draft From The Tribune's Washington Bureau. WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—The government of Greece has officially notified the Secretary General of the League of Nations of the ratification of the draft conventions adopted by the International Labor Conference held in Washington in November, 1919, according to a cable received by the International Labor Office here. By ratifying the conventions Greece adopted a comprehensive system of labor and welfare laws.

## Spain Seeks More Railways MADRID, Nov. 6.—There is agitation throughout Spain for the building of new international railway lines. Promoters of the agitation demand railway extensions to connect existing international routes from Vigo to Budapest by way of Marseilles and from Madrid through Paris to Berlin and Warsaw.

## AN ENGLISH WIFE IN BERLIN By EVELYN, Princess BLÜCHER The Boston Evening Transcript says: "It is so far the most revealing and absorbing personal record. These pages are filled with personal touches that flash with a vivid and realistic impression of the experience."

## "To begin is to be lured on and on, in growing excitement and sympathy . . . one sees the war from an angle entirely new," says one. "In solid contribution to the history of the war, the book is scarcely less important than it is interesting. . . . If originality, poise, dramatic interest, a compelling style and historical importance were the components of a 'best seller' it would be discussed this winter in every drawing room." It is certainly one of the most fascinating books of the year.

## Price \$6.00 This book should be on sale in your bookstore; if not, order direct from E. P. DUTTON & COMPANY 681 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

## The Housing Situation in New York No. 4 Cause and Effect TAXES!

## 6 Typical Apartment Houses

Location	Number of Apartments	Taxes Rate 1-78	Taxes Rate 2-82
72nd St.	28	\$7,654	\$15,848
79th St.	12	3,382	6,509
97th St.	54	6,480	12,735
99th St. Non-Blks	20	990	1,550
110th St.	48	7,832	14,150
110th St.	48	7,832	14,150

Total \$34,170 \$64,948

## Increase 90% How can property owners pay taxes, due to-morrow, when many millions of their rents are deposited with the Municipal Courts, and may remain there several months?

Real Estate Investors of New York, Inc. 135 West 72nd Street

## Mrs. Galyon Says New Science Church Begins Rule To-day Proclaims Self Successor to Mrs. Eddy; Arguments in Congregation's Suits Open in Mass. Supreme Court

## Special Dispatch to The Tribune BOSTON, Nov. 28.—Carrie Barbour Galyon, proclaiming herself the God-ordained successor of Mary Baker Eddy as leader of the Christian Science Church, to-day announced completion of her plans for a High Church of Christian Science, which, she says, is the upgrowth of the church Mrs. Eddy founded, and the consequence of litigation which has disrupted the church organization.

## Mrs. Galyon, from her Beacon Street home, made announcement that coincident with a court decision in the matters of the trustees, directors, first members and publishers of Christian Science to-morrow in the Supreme Court will assume authority of the High Church throughout the world. Mrs. Galyon said:

## "I was revealed to the church and to seven members of the church, but they refused to accept me. I am the God-ordained leader called by God through a vision, and the governors knew it, but denied me. Yet they possess full proofs of my appointment."

## "Christian Science has been betrayed by the men in whom its founder placed full confidence. For months it has been posted and pilloried in tribunals where the law and teachings of Mrs. Eddy have not governed. To-morrow judgment of earthly courts will be pronounced and Christian Science will be rent asunder. A new church will be born and follow me, and there will be new writings and teachings to guide us."

## Of the new church movement, Mrs. Galyon said: "There could be no church of Christian Science except a higher church, grown out of the seed sown by Mrs. Eddy and fostered and nurtured by her true followers, up to the time when her laws were disregarded and men were called in to interpret her teachings in other than a spiritual way. It is such a church which I will lead."

## "While the matters of the church powers have been in the state courts the true followers of Christian Science have rallied to the true cause of Christian Science and are now following the teachings of the High Church, which will flourish from this time on."

## Mrs. Galyon declared that the High Church had sworn allegiance to the new leader and had been working for several months in the formation of the new church, which would be opened immediately to thousands of followers of Mrs. Eddy's teachings who have accepted the later writings of Mrs. Galyon.

## Arguments in the Christian Science cases will begin to-morrow morning before the full bench of the Massachusetts Supreme Court.

## Earthquake Shakes Oregon and Washington Houses Rocked and Sleepers Are Awakened by Tremor Lasting Ten Minutes

## PORTLAND, Ore., Nov. 28.—An earthquake felt in various degrees of mildness from here to Spokane, Wash., was experienced early to-day. At Hood River, Ore., it was strong enough to awaken sleepers and to cause alarm to the villagers.

## At Spokane it was said to have been a "pronounced earthquake" of a duration of ten minutes.

## SPokane, Wash., Nov. 28.—An earthquake which rocked houses and awakened sleepers was experienced here at 3:30 to 3:40 this morning. The seismograph at Gonzaga University reported the radius of the quake to be about 300 miles.

## So forceful was the quake that patients at a local hospital were awakened when beds and picture frames were jarred.

## Reports from Leavenworth, Yakima, Colfax and other inland cities report shocks of various degrees of mildness.

## WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—An earthquake of moderate intensity, beginning at 6:43 a. m. and ending at 7:30 a. m., was registered to-day by the Georgetown University seismograph. The area of the disturbance was about two thousand miles from Washington.

## High Cotton Mill Dividends MANCHESTER, Nov. 10.—The cotton spinning companies of Lancashire are paying dividends far too large, says W. Hopwood, chairman of the boards of directors of a large number of those concerns. He declares that 10 per cent is an adequate return on capital invested in the industry.

## An analysis of the dividend declarations made by the 236 cotton spinning companies in Lancashire in the last three months shows that the average rate of dividend paid by these concerns was 26 per cent, and the rates varied from 10 per cent to 600 per cent. Not one of the 236 companies failed to secure a dividend.

## Shipping Board Asks Bids On 2,230,000 Tons of Coal

## WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—Tenders for furnishing 2,230,000 tons of bunker coal for government merchant ships during the coming year were called for to-night by the Shipping Board. Bids will be opened December 10 and a performance bond equal to 10 per cent of the total of the award required of the successful bidder.

## Officials estimated that the government fleet could obtain a year's supply for about \$33,500,000 by this means, which they declared would be a saving of millions of dollars, as the Bureau has been forced into the open market in the past to buy coal at prices ranging as high as \$20 a ton. Under the present call the board would get coal at the ruling market price and require the successful bidder to pay any excess so paid over the contract price in the event that the bidder fails to make deliveries.

## HARRIMAN NATIONAL BANK Fifth Avenue and 44th Street NEW YORK

## The Price Decline While we are oft-times warned against prospective occurrences, nevertheless they take some of us by surprise when they come.

## Thus it is that although the Harriman National Bank warned its depositors a year ago of the inevitable fall of prices, with particular reference to decreased value of inventory, and doubtless other banks did the same, still with the event upon us, some of our business men appear to be hurt spiritually and pained physically.

## It is an ill wind that blows nobody good, but happily in this case it will be the greatest good to the greatest number, for the cost of living is coming down. While the essentials of life have had a fall that should have brought them near to normal, in some cases to pre-war prices, the favorable results in their entirety cannot reach the consuming public with full force immediately.

## It is not probable that we shall permanently reach pre-war prices, for labor is likely to enjoy larger profits than heretofore, but not all the profits, as for several years past.

## Another good that might come from the ill wind is lower taxes. If the public can buy its goods cheaper than anticipated, why should not the Government buy its goods at less than was appropriated for their purchase six months and a year ago?

## We are saving time in readjustment by the precipitate decline. Resumption of business will be correspondingly quick when we get both feet firmly on the ground. Perhaps some of our business men who fear they have been struck by the lightning are only terrified by the thunder after the flash.

## BANKING HOURS FROM 8 O'CLOCK A. M. TO 8 O'CLOCK P. M. SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS OPEN FROM 8 A. M. TO MIDNIGHT

## Will YOU Profit by the Experience of the California Packing Corporation?

The California Packing Corporation of San Francisco, California, packers of the "Del Monte" brand of food products, use 151 Dictaphones in their various departments. These Dictaphones have increased the speed in handling correspondence by at least fifty per cent, and reduced the cost per letter. Whether your office is large or small, ask us to give you a working demonstration of The Dictaphone.

## THE DICTAPHONE Reg. U. S. Pat. Off. and Foreign Countries Phone Worth 7250—Call at 280 Broadway, New York City There is but one Dictaphone, trade-marked "The Dictaphone," made and merchandised by the Columbia Graphophone Company

## Desirable Quarters Those who live away from home seeking select desirable quarters in which to reside—such as a neatly furnished room with a private family or at a rooming house with or without meals, should consult The Tribune's Furnished Rooms and Boarders Wanted classification, which appears daily in The Tribune's Want Ad columns—a select list of announcements.

If what you want is not advertised, insert an advertisement under the heading of "Rooms Wanted" or "Board Wanted." Many have been successful in securing desirable quarters that way.

Advertisements can be left at any of The Tribune's authorized Want Ad agents—conveniently located in all parts of Greater New York—or at The Tribune's Office, 154 Nassau St., or phoned to the Want Ad Department, Beekman 3000. Bill will be sent later.

## STERLING SILVER PEARLS PRECIOUS STONES JEWELRY, WATCHES STATIONERY, SILVER PLATE

## REED & BARTON ESTABLISHED 1824 THEODORE B. STARR, INC. ESTABLISHED 1852 FIFTH AVENUE AT 47th ST. 4 MAIDEN LANE

## Andrew Alexander 548 FIFTH AVE. ABOVE 45th ST. In September we revised prices to conform with the lowered cost of material—Now we present the first items of our usual Winter Sale.

## Men's Shoes That were \$12 to \$20, now \$9.65 \$11.80 \$12.70 \$14.75

## Women's Boots That were \$12 to \$20, now \$8.50 \$9.50 \$11.50 \$13.50

## Women's Low Shoes and Slippers That were \$9 to \$18, now \$7.90 \$8.90 \$9.90 \$10.90 \$12.90

## All Sales Final—No Exchanges or C. O. D.'s